Subject: HT von Kunsthaar???? Gerade das erste Mal gelesen Posted by hairforall on Thu, 19 Apr 2007 20:24:08 GMT

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Hallo,

auf medaesthetic.de habe ich folgenden Satz gelsen: "In Ausnahmefällen kann die Implantation von Kunsthaaren erwogen werden".

Ist das neu? Wie funktioniert das?

h.

Subject: Re: HT von Kunsthaar???? Gerade das erste Mal gelesen Posted by sl10 on Thu, 19 Apr 2007 23:21:25 GMT

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das ist so alt, dass es meines wissens in deutschland verboten ist. bloß die finger davon lassen

Subject: Re: HT von Kunsthaar???? Gerade das erste Mal gelesen Posted by Martin9 on Sat, 21 Apr 2007 15:43:21 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

hairforall schrieb am Don, 19 April 2007 22:24Hallo,

auf medaesthetic.de habe ich folgenden Satz gelsen: "In Ausnahmefällen kann die Implantation von Kunsthaaren erwogen werden".

Ist das neu? Wie funktioniert das?

h.

So wie eine eigenhaartransplant., nur daß du immer die selbe haarlänge hast) ...UND eine INFEKTION mit eiter im regelfall!

HÄNDE WEG DAVON!!!

Subject: Re: HT von Kunsthaar???? Gerade das erste Mal gelesen Posted by H_U_82 on Mon, 23 Apr 2007 13:43:08 GMT

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rein theoretisch ist das mit dem eiter an sich kein problem, bischen alkoholisches zeug draufschmieren und eiter weg!!! Subject: Re: HT von Kunsthaar???? Gerade das erste Mal gelesen Posted by sl10 on Mon, 23 Apr 2007 15:54:48 GMT

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und das rausgeeiterte Haar auch

Subject: Fremdhaar

Posted by Patricia on Mon, 23 Apr 2007 21:21:14 GMT

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Hallo!

Ich habe eine wahrscheinlich etwas blöde frage, aber: ist es prinzipiell möglich sich fremdhaar transplantieren zu lassen. Bei Frauen- HTs besteht das Problem ja darin, dass eine Schwächung der Haares alle Haarpartien betrifft dh. kein brauchbares Resthaar vorhanden ist, wie es bei Männern der Fall ist, soweit ich das verstanden habe. ABer könte ich mir beispielsweise gesundes Haar von meiner Mutter oder so transplantieren lassen? Wäre dankbar für eine Antwort:-)
Ig.patricia

Subject: Re: Fremdhaar

Posted by sl10 on Mon, 23 Apr 2007 22:25:26 GMT

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Hallo Patricia,

die Transplantation wie du sie meinst, ist bisher nur im Rahmen der Forschung durch Colin Jahoda erfolgt.

http://www.hairlosstalk.com/newsletter/article86.htm

Gruß

Stefan

Subject: Re: Fremdhaar

Posted by Patricia on Tue, 24 Apr 2007 09:36:42 GMT

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Es gibt Hoffnung! Vielen Dank für die Info! Ig.p

Dage 2 of 6 Compared from Heavisian Forum

Subject: Person-to-Person Hair Transplantation;;;Re: HT von Kunsthaar???? Posted by H_U_82 on Tue, 24 Apr 2007 12:49:46 GMT

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HairSite Exclusive!

Person-to-Person Hair Transplantation:

Dr. Woods & Dr. Campbell unveils the latest in hair transplantation research

Person-to-Person Hair Transplantation pushing the limit one more time

Author: Dr. Woods & Dr. Campbell

Last year, we agreed to present the Woods Technique, in its entirety, to the Chicago ISHRS meeting. Due to protests, this invitation ceased to exist. To some, this was an incredible missed opportunity. To others it was possibly a sigh of relief.

As with many things, people need to make a decision regarding what they know, what they want to know, and what they don't want to know.

Perhaps some are confusing our claims of "end point" technology with infallibility. In this discipline, no one can be infallible. But what is possible is commitment to trauma minimalization, the best possible results and providing the safest surgery yet conceived.

ISHRS members had the opportunity to see it and "maybe" things could have changed. It seems to us that possibly, the price of change, for some people, is just too high.

So, we continue to build a safe platform from which to launch successful trainees. But the harder we try to build it, the greater the attempts to destroy it.

In the past 18 months, we visited the USA 10 times. There has been more than a dozen large information publications in the American Medical Association Magazine, public and private seminars and widespread TV news exposure etc etc. The shock waves have been felt throughout the entire industry, worldwide.

All this is done to educate and wizen the mainstream public, so that they ask questions and seek verification of doctors advertising and claims. And one day, as our trainees enter the market place, the wider public will understand who they are and what they represent

However, increasingly sophisticated attempts to derail our efforts are well underway. Why are they doing this? Its quite simple.

The principles of The Woods Technique (Declaration of Patient Rights), is something many do not want embraced by the mainstream public. We are committed to bringing together the right doctors, who in turn, are committed to doing what is proper and right "Not because it is easy, but because it is hard..."

On another note, there is much controversy about hair multiplication and cloning.

Despite breakthroughs with cloning mammals , reptiles, and talk of cloning humans, has anyone yet cloned or multiplied a follicle ?

With this in mind, we do not pretend for one second to have a better chance than anyone else, but we do intend to see what happens when follicles are longitudinally split. The patient "PaulV", whose controversy many will remember, is returning for further sessions. His posterior crown will be the test area.

We have also been looking at the idea of person to person transplants. This carries major logistic and ethical issues. Over the last few months, a client is being assessed for receiving hair from his sister. We have the leading transplant immunologists in the country performing every conceivable test and we are looking at the ethical implications. There is no guarantee yet that we can proceed but we are waiting anxiously for the final go ahead.

Despite all this one must look at the major reason for hair loss. Obviously, it is androgenic alopecia. However, the SECOND greatest reason for loss of hair from the recipient and donor areas is hair transplant surgery itself.

When we made the FUE breakthrough some years ago, it was with the full understanding that if done incorrectly, it too will cause scalp shock and damage. Hence, the Declaration of Patient Rights guidelines. This complimented by our utilization of body hair discovery meant that the great majority of people will get what they need from their own natural resources, with preserved pre existing and donor hair.

All the other things are important, but every effort to avoid surgical damage and further hair loss must become every HT surgeons immediate obligation, duty and FIRST PRIORITY.

Dr Woods and Dr Campbell

hallo,

kann das mal jemand zusammenfassen

Subject: Re: Person-to-Person Hair Transplantation;;;Re: HT von Kunsthaar???? Posted by sl10 on Tue, 24 Apr 2007 13:28:39 GMT

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relevant ist nur diese Passage:

We have also been looking at the idea of person to person transplants. This carries major logistic and ethical issues. Over the last few months, a client is being assessed for receiving hair from his sister. We have the leading transplant immunologists in the country performing every conceivable test and we are looking at the ethical implications. There is no guarantee yet that we can proceed but we are waiting anxiously for the final go ahead.

Subject: Re: HT von Kunsthaar???? schaut mal was ich gefunden habe !!! Posted by H_U_82 on Tue, 24 Apr 2007 22:03:56 GMT

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Korean doctors perform successful person-to-person hair transplant [message #2173] Don, 19 April 2007 01:19

Korean doctors perform successful person-to-person hair transplant Posted on March 6th, 2007 in Hair Transplant News by admin | 362 Views |

Doctors in Korea recently published a study on an experimental hair transplant procedure where they harvested hair grafts from one person and transplanted them into another.

The two female participants were sisters who had been involved in a previous bone marrow transplant. One of the sisters had leukemia and at the age of 14 had been donor matched with her sister who had donated bone marrow to her.

The leukemia had gone into remission, but at age 21 the bone marrow recipient had lost a lot of her hair due to chemotherapy drugs. Since the sisters were already tissue-matched for compatibility, the doctors wanted to see if they could transplant hair follicles from the one sister to the other.

The doctors first created a small clinical trial with 20 hair follicles and monitored the results by evaluating the growth at 6 months and again at 18 months.

Twenty hair grafts were removed from the back of the donor's scalp and were transplanted into the patient's nape of the neck. In the exact reverse of this, 20 hair grafts were removed from the back of the patient's scalp and transplanted to the nape of her sister's neck, the donor.

No immunosuppressive drugs were used - Immunosuppressive drugs are usually needed in organ transplants to prevent the immune system from attacking the foreign cells that have been transplanted into the donor.

The results were very encouraging. After 6 months the doctors found that 12 of the 20 hair grafts that had been transplanted to the patient's nape had survived and were still growing. After 18th months however, only 7 grafts remained.

In her sister the results were a lot different. After 6 months only 2 hair grafts out of the 20 that were transplanted from the leukemia patient to the healthy sister had survived.

The doctors suspected that a small difference in the compatibility of the antigens (immune system triggers) might play an important role in rejecting person-to-person transplanted hair follicles and the different tolerances of the respective girl's immune systems caused the significant differences in the survival rate of their transplanted hair follicles.

Statically speaking, the donor's hair grafts that were transplanted to the patient showed a survival rate of 60% at 6 months and 35% at 18 months. On the other hand, the patient's hair grafts that were transplanted to her donor sister's neck showed a survival rate of only 10% at

6 months and 0% at 18 month.

Following the success of the small test procedure, 2,200 hair grafts were then harvested from the donor's sister and were transplanted to the patient's scalp. Most of the transplanted hair grafts survived, and the patient acquired a significant clinical improvement at 18 months after the hair transplantation surgery.

We believe this is only the second time it has ever been done. The first reported case was done by doctors at Ferrara University, Ferrara, Italy in 1999.

Source: Dermatologic Surgery Volume: 33 Issue 2 Page 236 - February 2007 Authors: SUNGJOO "TOMMY" HWANG MD, HYOJIN KIM MD, WEON JU LEE MD, DO WON KIM MD, JUNG CHUL KIM MD, HOON KOOK MD, JE JUNG LEE M

http://news.hairlosshelp.com/hair-transplant-news/korean-doctors-perform-successful-person-to-person-hair-transplant/

Subject: Re: Fremdhaar

Posted by Philebos on Thu, 26 Apr 2007 20:23:05 GMT

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http://www.hairsite4.com/dc/dcboard.php?az=show_mesg&forum=24&topic_id=352&mesg_id=352&page=

vielleicht interessant für dich, habe es selbst jetzt nicht gelesen.

Subject: Re: Fremdhaar

Posted by Patricia on Fri, 27 Apr 2007 09:13:22 GMT

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Ahhh! Danke für den link! ganz neue infos! liebe grüße, schönes wochenende,p